

ABSTRACT. A Hopf module is an  $A$ -module for an algebra  $A$  as well as a  $C$ -comodule for a coalgebra  $C$ , satisfying a suitable compatibility condition between the module and comodule structures. To formulate the compatibility condition one needs some kind of interaction between  $A$  and  $C$ . The most classical case arises when  $A = C =: H$  is a bialgebra. Many subsequent variants of this were unified independently by Doi and Koppinen; in their version an auxiliary bialgebra  $H$ , over which  $A$  is a comodule algebra and  $C$  a module coalgebra, governs the compatibility. Another very general type of interaction between  $A$  and  $C$  is an entwining map as studied by Brzeziński — without an auxiliary bialgebra.

Every Doi-Koppinen datum induces an entwining structure, so Brzeziński's notion of an entwined module includes that of a Doi-Koppinen Hopf module. This paper investigates whether the inclusion is proper.

By work of Tambara, every entwining structure can be obtained from a suitable Doi-Koppinen datum whenever the algebra under consideration is finite dimensional.

We show by examples that this need not be true in general.