

Zbl 536.10007

Erdős, Paul; Guy, R.K.; Selfridge, J.L.

*Another property of 239 and some related questions.* (In English)

**Numerical mathematics and computing, Proc. 11th Manitoba Conf.,  
Winnipeg/Manit. 1981, Congr. Numerantium 34, 243-257 (1982).**

[For the entire collection see Zbl 532.00008.]

Regarding the decomposition  $n! = a_1 a_2 \dots a_k$  of  $n!$  into  $k$  factors the authors prove the following three interesting theorems:

Theorem 1. If  $n > 239$  there is no factorization with  $n < a_1 < a_2 < \dots < a_k \leq 2n$ .

Theorem 2. For every  $n > 13$  there is a factorization with  $n < a_1 \leq a_2 \leq \dots \leq a_k \leq 2n$ .

Theorem 3. Let  $f(n)$  denote the smallest integer  $a_k$  for which there exists a factorization with  $n < a_1 < a_2 < \dots < a_k$ . Then there are constants  $0 < c_1 < c_2$  such that

$$2n + c_1 n / \log n < f(n) < 2n + c_2 n / \log n.$$

Besides they ask many interesting open questions.

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Classification:

11A25 Arithmetic functions, etc.

11A41 Elementary prime number theory

05A10 Combinatorial functions

Keywords:

factors of  $n$  factorial