

Zbl 161.43305

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*Solution of a problem of Dirac* (In English)

**Theory Graphs Appl., Proc. Symp. Smolenice 1963, 167-168 (1964).**

We quote the authors. "In a graph-theoretic colloquium at Smolenice, *G.A.Dirac* conjectured (see *ibid.* p. 167 problem 5) that the chromatic number of a proper regular subgraph of a complete  $n$ -gon is  $\leq 3n/5$ . We shall prove this conjecture. In fact we shall prove the following theorem ( $G^{(n)}$  always denotes a graph with  $n$  vertices). Theorem. Let  $G^{(n)}$  be a regular graph of valence  $r < n - 1$  and chromatic number  $k$ . Then  $k \leq 3n/5$ , with equality if and only if the components of the complementary graph  $\overline{G^{(n)}}$  of  $G^{(n)}$  are pentagons."

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Classification: